**Section 1 - Identification**

**Product Identifier:** Silver Scrap

**Chemical Family:** Mixture

**Recommended Use:** Scrap metal usage.

**Restriction on Use:** None known.

**Manufacturer Information**

The David J. Joseph Company  
300 Pike Street  
Cincinnati, OH 45202

Non-Emergency Contact: Safety Department  
Non-Emergency Phone: 513-419-6200  
Emergency Contact: DJJ  
Emergency Phone: 513-562-1699

**Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification**

Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200.

- Product is supplied as scrap metal consisting of silver alloy. This alloy is a non-combustible, non-reactive solid material.
- Solid material, as supplied, is not hazardous. Processing of this material may produce hazardous vapors, fumes, mists and dusts which are considered hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication). Dust, particles or powder generated during processing would have the following classification:
  - Acute Toxicity (Oral), Category 3
  - Eye Damage / Irritation, Category 2
  - Sensitization - Respiratory, Category 1
  - Sensitization - Skin, Category 1
  - Germ Cell Mutagenicity, Category 2
  - Carcinogenicity, Category 1B
  - Toxic to Reproduction, Category 2
  - Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure, Category 1 (kidneys, lungs, and respiratory system)
  - Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure, Category 3 (respiratory system)
  - Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure, Category 1 (liver, kidneys, respiratory system, blood, bones, and lungs)

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol(s)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="symbol.png" alt="Safety Symbol" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Signal Word**

DANGER

**Hazard Statement(s)**

- Toxic if swallowed
- Causes serious eye irritation
- May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction
Suspected of causing genetic defects
May cause cancer
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
Causes damage to kidneys, lungs, and respiratory system.
May cause respiratory irritation
Causes damage to liver, kidneys, respiratory system, blood, bones, and lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statement(s)

Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust, mist, fumes or vapors. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear respiratory protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. Wear appropriate protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection if contact is possible. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response
IF exposed or concerned: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth.

Storage
Store in a secure area.

Disposal
Dispose of material in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazard(s) Not Otherwise Classified
Dust may present an explosion hazard if allowed to accumulate in an industrial or manufacturing environment. Coatings and oils applied to the product may enhance flammability.

***Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients***

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS</th>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7440-66-6</td>
<td>Zinc</td>
<td>&gt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7440-50-8</td>
<td>Copper</td>
<td>&gt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7440-43-9</td>
<td>Cadmium</td>
<td>&gt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7440-22-4</td>
<td>Silver</td>
<td>&gt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7440-02-0</td>
<td>Nickel</td>
<td>&gt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7723-14-0</td>
<td>Phosphorus</td>
<td>&gt;1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Component Information/Information on Non-Hazardous Components

Processing of this material may produce hazardous vapors, fumes, mists and dusts which are considered hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication).

This data sheet is prepared as a guideline for typical uses of scrap materials. The user should be aware that the composition of the scrap can vary based upon the raw materials, processes used, and protective coatings that may have been applied to the original materials. The list of ingredients above are typical ingredients thought to be present in the scrap material. This list includes contaminants that may or may not be present. The percentages given vary from shipment to shipment and may not be entirely accurate for a given shipment.
Protective coatings, including paints, lubricants, corrosion inhibitors, etc., may have been applied to the material before it came under the control of the recycler. These coatings may contain hazardous materials. Typical hazardous materials contained in these coatings include: lead, zinc, chromium, and cadmium. Some organic materials may also be present. The supplier (recycler) may have no specific knowledge of the particular contaminant. However, it is anticipated that the hazardous materials present in the coatings would generally represent less than 0.1% of the total material present. The health hazards presented by these contaminants would produce their greatest potential for exposure during processes such as melting, cutting, welding. These processes could generate metal fumes that might produce the health hazards identified in section 2 of this MSDS.

It is suggested that the user protect employees by utilizing engineering controls that reduce exposures to acceptable concentrations. Where engineering controls are not feasible, appropriate personal protective equipment should be utilized.

### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**Description of Necessary Measures**

**Inhalation**
- If adverse effects occur during processing, remove to uncontaminated area. Get immediate medical attention.

**Skin Contact**
- Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Cuts or abrasions should be treated promptly with thorough cleansing of the affected area.

**Eye Contact**
- Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. In case of mechanical abrasions and cuts, seek medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion**
- Due to the physical nature of this material, ingestion is unlikely to occur. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

**Most Important Symptoms/Effects**

**Acute**
- Processing by-products: Toxic if swallowed. Symptoms/effects may include allergic reactions, eye irritation, respiratory tract irritation, lung damage, kidney damage, and respiratory system damage.

**Delayed**
- Processing by-products: Symptoms/effects may include allergic reactions, mutagenic effects, cancer, reproductive effects, liver damage, kidney damage, blood damage, bone damage, lung damage, and respiratory system damage.

**Indication of immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed**
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

**Extinguishing Media**
- Media to use includes regular dry chemical and dry sand.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**
- Molten metal may react violently with water.

**Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**
- Coatings and oils applied to the product may enhance flammability. Dust or fine particles may present a flammability hazard if allowed to accumulate in an industrial or manufacturing environment.

**Hazardous Combustion Products**
- This product may release metal oxide fumes by thermal decomposition.

**Fire fighting measures**
- Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Cool materials with water spray until well after the fire is out.
Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Fire fighters should wear full-face, self contained breathing apparatus and impervious protective clothing. Fire fighters should avoid inhaling any combustion products.

* * *Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures* * *

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

If dusts or particulates are generated, eliminate sources of ignition. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment, see Section 8.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Containment of this material should not be necessary. If dusts or particulates are generated, eliminate sources of ignition. Small pieces of this product may be collected with a broom and shovel. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for reuse or disposal.

* * *Section 7 - Handling and Storage* * *

Precautions for Safe Handling

Observe good hygiene and safety practices when handling this product. Processing of this material may produce hazardous vapors, fumes, mists, and dusts. Avoid inhaling dusts or fumes produced during product processing. Handle with adequate ventilation during processing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Condition for Safe storage, Including any incompatibilities

Store in a secure area.

Incompatibility

Silver may react with ammonia, bromoazide, chlorine trifluoride, ethylenamine, hydrogen peroxide, oxalic acid, sulfuric acid and tartaric acid.

* * *Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection* * *

Exposure Limits

Follow all applicable exposure limits. Keep formation of dusts, particulates and fumes to a minimum.
Component Exposure Limits

Nickel (7440-02-0)

ACGIH: 1.5 mg/m³ TWA (inhalable fraction)
OSHA: 1 mg/m³ TWA
NIOSH: 0.015 mg/m³ TWA
Alberta: 1.5 mg/m³ TWA

British Columbia: IARC Category 2B - Possible Human Carcinogen
                 0.05 mg/m³ TWA
Manitoba: 1.5 mg/m³ TWA (inhalable fraction)
New Brunswick: 1 mg/m³ TWA
NW Territories: 1 mg/m³ TWA
               2 mg/m³ STEL
Nova Scotia: 1.5 mg/m³ TWA (inhalable fraction)
           Nunavut: 1 mg/m³ TWA
                   2 mg/m³ STEL
          Ontario: 1 mg/m³ TWA (inhalable)
          Quebec: 1 mg/m³ TWAEV

Saskatchewan: Present
               1.5 mg/m³ TWA (inhalable fraction)
               3 mg/m³ STEL (inhalable fraction)
Yukon: 1 mg/m³ TWA
       3 mg/m³ STEL

Silver (7440-22-4)

ACGIH: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA (dust and fume)
OSHA: 0.01 mg/m³ TWA
NIOSH: 0.01 mg/m³ TWA (dust)
Alberta: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA

British Columbia: 0.01 mg/m³ TWA
                 0.03 mg/m³ STEL
Manitoba: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA (dust and fume)
New Brunswick: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA
NW Territories: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA
               0.3 mg/m³ STEL
Nova Scotia: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA (dust and fume)
           Nunavut: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA
                   0.3 mg/m³ STEL
          Ontario: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA (dust and fume)
          Quebec: 0.1 mg/m³ TWAEV

Saskatchewan: 0.1 mg/m³ TWA
               0.3 mg/m³ STEL
Yukon: 0.01 mg/m³ TWA
       0.03 mg/m³ STEL

Cadmium (7440-43-9)
ACGIH: 0.01 mg/m3 TWA; 0.002 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)
OSHA: 5 µg/m3 TWA (See 29 CFR 1910.1027); 2.5 µg/m3 Action Level
OSHA: 0.1 mg/m3 TWA (fume, applies to any operations or sectors for which the Cadmium standard is stayed or otherwise not in effect); 0.2 mg/m3 TWA (dust, applies to any operations or sectors for which the Cadmium standard is stayed or otherwise not in effect); 5 µg/m3 TWA
0.3 mg/m3 Ceiling (applies to any operations or sectors for which the Cadmium standard is stayed or otherwise not in effect, fume); 0.6 mg/m3 Ceiling (applies to any operations or sectors for which the Cadmium standard is stayed or otherwise not in effect, dust)

Alberta: Designated substance - requires code of practice
0.01 mg/m3 TWA

British Columbia: ACGIH Category A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen; IARC Category 1 - Human Carcinogen
0.01 mg/m3 TWA; 0.002 mg/m3 TWA (respirable)

Manitoba: 0.01 mg/m3 TWA; 0.002 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)

New Brunswick: 0.01 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable fraction); 0.002 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)

NW Territories: 0.05 mg/m3 TWA (dust)
0.2 mg/m3 STEL (dust)

Nova Scotia: 0.01 mg/m3 TWA; 0.002 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)

Nunavut: 0.05 mg/m3 TWA (dust)
0.2 mg/m3 STEL (dust)

Ontario: 0.01 mg/m3 TWA; 0.002 mg/m3 TWA (respirable)

Quebec: 0.025 mg/m3 TWAEV

Saskatchewan: Present
0.01 mg/m3 TWA (total); 0.002 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)
0.03 mg/m3 STEL (total); 0.006 mg/m3 STEL (respirable fraction)

Yukon: 0.05 mg/m3 TWA (dust)
0.15 mg/m3 STEL (dust)

Copper (7440-50-8)
**Safe Data Sheet**

**Product Identifier:** Silver Scrap

**ACGIH:**
0.2 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (fume)

**OSHA:**
0.1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (fume); 1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (dust and mist)

**NIOSH:**
1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (dust and mist); 0.1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (fume)

**Alberta:**
0.2 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (fume); 1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (dust and mist)

**British Columbia:**
1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (dust and mist); 0.2 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (fume)

**Manitoba:**
0.2 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (fume)

**New Brunswick:**
0.2 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (fume); 1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (dust and mist)

**NW Territories:**
0.2 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (fume); 1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (dust and mist)

**Nova Scotia:**
0.6 mg/m\(^3\) STEL (fume); 2 mg/m\(^3\) STEL (dust and mist)

**Nunavut:**
0.2 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (fume); 1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (dust and mist)

**Ontario:**
0.2 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (fume); 1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (dust and mist)

**Quebec:**
0.2 mg/m\(^3\) TWAEV (fume); 1 mg/m\(^3\) TWAEV (dust and mist)

**Saskatchewan:**
0.2 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (fume); 1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (dust and mist)

**Yukon:**
0.2 mg/m\(^3\) STEL (fume); 2 mg/m\(^3\) STEL (dust and mist)

**Phosphorus (7723-14-0)**

**Alberta:**
0.1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (yellow)

**New Brunswick:**
0.02 ppm TWA (yellow); 0.1 mg/m\(^3\) TWA (yellow)

**Quebec:**
0.1 mg/m\(^3\) TWAEV (yellow)

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**Appropriate Engineering Controls**

For outdoor applications, special ventilation is not required under normal conditions of use. Under normal conditions of use, no special ventilation equipment is needed. Ventilation should be sufficient to effectively remove and prevent buildup of any dusts or fumes that may be generated during handling or thermal processing.

**Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment**

**Eyes/Face Protection**

Eye protection not required under normal conditions. Wear appropriate eye protection if eye contact is possible.

**Skin Protection**

Wear gloves and other clothing as required to avoid contact.

**Respiratory Protection**

Consult with a health and safety professional for specific respirators appropriate for your use. When dusts or thermal processing fumes are generated and ventilation is not sufficient to effectively remove them, appropriate NIOSH approved respiratory protection must be provided. Where concentrations exceed exposure limits or airborne exposure is likely, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate for the material and its components.

**General Information**

Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

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**Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties**
Appearance: Depends upon scrap composition, most often appears as a soft, ductile malleable, lustrous white metal.

Physical State: Solid

Melting /Freezing Point: 1800 °F (1000 °C)

Flash Point: Not applicable

pH: Not applicable

Boiling Point: 400 °F (2200 °C)

OSHA Flammability Class: Non-flammable

UFL: Not available

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable

LFL: Not available

Vapor Density: Not applicable

Solubility (H2O): Insoluble

Specific Gravity: Not available

Auto Ignition: Not applicable

Odor: Not available

**Section 10 - Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information**

Reactivity
No reactivity hazard is expected.

Chemical Stability
Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous reaction
Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid
Molten metal may react violently with water. Fine particles, dust or fumes may be flammable or explosive.

Incompatible Materials
Silver may react with ammonia, bromoazide, chlorine trifluoride, ethyleneamine, hydrogen peroxide, oxalic acid, sulfuric acid and tartaric acid.

Hazardous Decomposition Products
Decomposition of this product may yield metallic oxides.

**Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

Acute Dose Effects
No information available for the product. Operations which supply sufficient energy to the product (i.e. welding, high speed grinding or melting) can release dust or fumes which may make components of the product biologically available. Exposure to dusts or fumes from some metals including zinc and copper can produce a condition known as metal fume fever, a flu-like illness generally lasting 24 hours or less including symptoms of nausea, vomiting, chest tightness, muscle aches and weakness. Silver can be harmful if inhaled, absorbed through the skin, or ingested. Symptoms may include gastrointestinal distress, pulmonary edema, convulsions and shock. Chronic overexposure to silver may cause argyria, a gray-blue pigmentation of the skin or organs, loss of strength, convulsive seizures, mild bronchitis, and renal and liver toxicities. Chronic exposure to copper fume or dust can cause respiratory tract irritation, hemolytic anemia and allergic contact dermatitis. Other possible effects of copper overexposure include discoloration of skin or hair, and liver and kidney damage. Zinc poisoning can cause anemia, lethargy and dizziness. Inhalation of cadmium may be harmful with symptoms including tracheobronchitis, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema and death. Overexposure to cadmium may cause liver damage, anemia and irreversible kidney damage. Systemic effects from ingestion of nickel include capillary damage, kidney damage, myocardial weakness and central nervous system depression. Allergic skin sensitization reactions are the most frequent effect of exposure to nickel compounds. Contact with nickel compounds may also result in allergic lung sensitization reactions. Chronic poisoning from ingestion or inhalation of phosphorus may result in bony necrosis, spontaneous fractures, anemia, weight loss, shock, liver and kidney damage, central nervous system damage and death.
Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

Nickel (7440-02-0)  
Oral LD50 Rat >9000 mg/kg

Silver (7440-22-4)  
Oral LD50 Rat >2000 mg/kg

Cadmium (7440-43-9)  
Inhalation LC50 Rat 25 mg/m3 30 min; Oral LD50 Rat 1140 mg/kg

Phosphorus (7723-14-0)  
Dermal LD50 Rat 100 mg/kg; Inhalation LC50 Rat 4.3 mg/L 1 h; Oral LD50 Rat 3.03 mg/kg

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Processing by-products may cause the following.

Inhalation
May cause cancer. Dusts, vapors, and fumes generated during processing may irritate the respiratory system. Overexposure to processing fumes may cause metal fume fever which is an influenza like illness. Symptoms include headache, metallic taste in the mouth, cough, thirst, throat irritation, shortness of breath, fever, sweating and pain in the limbs. Severe acute overexposure or chronic overexposure to dusts or processing fumes may produce more serious toxicities including: siderosis, lung damage, weakness, anorexia, impairment of sleep and vision, personality changes, blood formation effects, nervous and circulatory system damage, kidney damage, and may pose a reproductive hazard.

Ingestion
Ingestion is not a likely route of exposure. Toxic if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal disturbances, abdominal pain, fever, vomiting, and diarrhea. Ingestion of large amounts of product may produce more serious toxicities including: shock, metabolic acidosis, decreased white blood cell count, neurological damage, cardiovascular shock, anemia, liver damage, renal failure, lethargy and coma.

Skin
May cause allergic skin reactions. Dust or powder may irritate the skin. This product may produce skin abrasions, lesions, or cuts.

Eye
Dust or powder may irritate eye tissue. Rubbing may cause abrasion of cornea.

Immediate Effects
Fatal if swallowed Fatal in contact with skin Symptoms/effects may include allergic reactions, severe eye irritation, respiratory tract irritation, lung damage, kidney damage, and respiratory system damage.

Delayed Effects
Symptoms/effects may include allergic reactions, mutagenic effects, cancer, reproductive effects, liver damage, kidney damage, blood damage, respiratory system damage, and lung damage.

Medical conditions Aggravated by Exposures
No data available.

Irritation/Corrosivity Data
Causes respiratory tract irritation and eye irritation.

Respiratory Sensitizer
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

Dermal Sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Carcinogenicity

Component Carcinogenicity

Nickel (7440-02-0)

ACGIH: A5 - Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen
OSHA: Present (Select Carcinogen)
NIOSH: potential occupational carcinogen
NTP: Reasonably Anticipated To Be A Human Carcinogen (Possible Select Carcinogen)
IARC: Monograph 49 [1990]; Supplement 7 [1987] (Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic to humans))

Cadmium (7440-43-9)

ACGIH: A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
OSHA: 5 µg/m3 TWA (See 29 CFR 1910.1027); 2.5 µg/m3 Action Level Present (Select Carcinogen)
NIOSH: potential occupational carcinogen
NTP: Known Human Carcinogen (Select Carcinogen)
IARC: Monograph 100C [2012]; Monograph 58 [1993]; Supplement 7 [1987] (Group 1 (Carcinogenic to humans))

Mutagenicity

Contains component(s) which may cause mutagenic effects. Nickel inhibited DNA repair and induced transformation in experimental assays, and increased sister chromatid exchanges were seen in lymphocytes of workers exposed to nickel dusts. Elevated frequencies of chromosome aberrations have been shown in workers exposed to cadmium.

Reproductive Toxicity

Available data characterizes components of this product as reproductive hazards.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
respiratory system lungs kidneys

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
liver kidneys blood bones lungs respiratory system

Aspiration Hazard

No information available for the product.

Other Toxicological Information

Under normal conditions of handling, the likelihood of inhaling or ingesting amounts necessary for these effects to occur is very small.

Ecotoxicity

Processing by-products: May be harmful to aquatic life.

Component Analysis - Ecotoxicity - Aquatic Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nickel (7440-02-0)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duration/Test/Species</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0.18 mg/L; 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0.174 - 0.311 mg/L [static]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >100 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1 mg/L [Static]
## Silver (7440-22-4)

**Duration/Test/Species** | **Concentration/Conditions/Notes**
---|---
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas | 0.00155 - 0.00293 mg/L (static)
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss | 0.0062 mg/L (flow-through)
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus | 0.064 mg/L (static)

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 0.00024 mg/L (Static)

### Cadmium (7440-43-9)

**Duration/Test/Species** | **Concentration/Conditions/Notes**
---|---
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss | 0.003 mg/L (flow-through)
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss | 0.006 mg/L (static)
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio | 0.002 mg/L
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio | 4.26 mg/L (semi-static)
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio | 0.24 mg/L (static)
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus | 21.1 mg/L (flow-through)
96 Hr LC50 Oryzias latipes | 0.016 mg/L
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas | 0.0004 - 0.003 mg/L

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 0.0244 mg/L (Static)

### Copper (7440-50-8)

**Duration/Test/Species** | **Concentration/Conditions/Notes**
---|---
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas | 0.0068 - 0.0156 mg/L
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas | <0.3 mg/L (static)
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas | 0.2 mg/L (flow-through)
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss | 0.052 mg/L (flow-through)
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus | 1.25 mg/L (static)
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio | 0.3 mg/L (semi-static)
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio | 0.8 mg/L (static)
96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata | 0.112 mg/L (flow-through)

72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0.0426 - 0.0535 mg/L (static); 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0.031 - 0.054 mg/L (static)

### Zinc (7440-66-6)

**Duration/Test/Species** | **Concentration/Conditions/Notes**
---|---
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas | 2.16 - 3.05 mg/L (flow-through)
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas | 0.211 - 0.269 mg/L (semi-static)
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas | 2.66 mg/L (static)
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio | 30 mg/L
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio | 0.45 mg/L (semi-static)
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio | 7.8 mg/L (static)
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus | 3.5 mg/L (static)
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss | 0.24 mg/L (flow-through)
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 0.59 mg/L [semi-static]
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 0.41 mg/L [static]

96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0.11 - 0.271 mg/L [static]; 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0.09 - 0.125 mg/L [static]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 0.139 - 0.908 mg/L [Static]

Phosphorus (7723-14-0)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Duration/Test/Species</th>
<th>Concentration/Conditions/Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus</td>
<td>0.0017 - 0.0035 mg/L [flow-through]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus</td>
<td>0.001 - 0.004 mg/L [static]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio</td>
<td>&gt;100 mg/L [static]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss</td>
<td>0.015 - 0.032 mg/L [static]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas</td>
<td>0.011 - 0.028 mg/L [static]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 0.03 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 0.025 - 0.037 mg/L [Static]

**Persistence & Degradability**

No information available for the product.

**Bioaccumulation**

No information available for the product.

**Mobility**

No information available for the product.

---

**Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

**Disposal Methods**

Byproducts and residues from this product may be reprocessed or recycled. Upon disposal, collected dusts and other similar wastes could contain a constituent identified as a hazardous waste. Wastes must be tested using methods described in 40 CFR Part 261 to determine if it meets applicable definitions of hazardous wastes.

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

**US EPA Waste Number & Descriptions**

**Component Waste Numbers**

- **Silver (7440-22-4)**
  - RCRA: 5.0 mg/L regulatory level
- **Cadmium (7440-43-9)**
  - RCRA: 1.0 mg/L regulatory level

**Disposal of Contaminated Packaging**

Dispose of waste material according to Local, State, Federal, and Provincial Environmental Regulations.

---

**Section 14 - Transportation Information**

**US DOT Information**

Certain forms of this material (i.e. powders, borings, shavings, turnings, cuttings, dross, etc.) may be subject to U.S. DOT hazardous material shipping requirements. If the products are shipped in quantities which exceed the reportable quantity (RQ) for individual components, they may also meet the requirements of DOT hazardous materials.
DOT Reportable Quantities

Nickel (7440-02-0)
100 lbs RQ (The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 µm (0.004 inches).); 45.4 kg RQ (The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 µm (0.004 inches).)

Silver (7440-22-4)
1000 lbs RQ (The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 µm (0.004 inches).); 454 kg RQ (The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 µm (0.004 inches).)

Nickel (7440-43-9)
10 lbs RQ (The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 µm (0.004 inches).); 4.54 kg RQ (The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 µm (0.004 inches).)

Cadmium (7440-66-6)
1000 lbs RQ (The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 µm (0.004 inches).); 454 kg RQ (The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 µm (0.004 inches).)

Copper (7440-50-8)
5000 lbs RQ (The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 µm (0.004 inches).); 2270 kg RQ (The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 µm (0.004 inches).)

Zinc (7440-66-6)
1000 lbs RQ (The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 µm (0.004 inches).); 454 kg RQ (The RQ for these hazardous substances is limited to those pieces of the metal having a diameter smaller than 100 µm (0.004 inches).)

Component Marine Pollutants

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required by US DOT to be identified as marine pollutants.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>DOT regulated severe marine pollutant (powder)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Copper</td>
<td>7440-50-8</td>
<td><strong>Section 15 - Regulatory Information</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

U.S. Federal Regulations

Processing of this material may produce hazardous vapors, fumes, mists and dusts which are considered hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication). The following component analysis applies only to those facilities that are required to report under applicable regulations.
U.S. Federal Regulations

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Sections 302/304 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65), CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4), TSCA 12(b), and/or require an OSHA process safety plan.

Nickel (7440-02-0)

SARA 313: 0.1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA: 100 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm); 45.4 kg final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm)

Silver (7440-22-4)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm); 454 kg final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm)

Cadmium (7440-43-9)

SARA 313: 0.1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA: 10 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm); 4.54 kg final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm)

Copper (7440-50-8)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm); 2270 kg final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm)

Zinc (7440-66-6)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration (dust or fume only)
CERCLA: 454 kg final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm); 1000 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm)

Phosphorus (7723-14-0)

SARA 302: 100 lb TPQ (This material is a reactive solid. The TPQ does not default to 10000 pounds for non-powder, non-molten, non-solution form)
SARA 304: 1 lb EPCRA RQ
SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration (yellow or white)
CERCLA: 1 lb final RQ; 0.454 kg final RQ

Component Marine Pollutants

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required by US DOT to be identified as marine pollutants.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>DOT regulated severe marine pollutant (powder)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Copper</td>
<td>7440-50-8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categories (40 CFR 370 Subparts B and C)

Acute Health Yes (dust/fumes)  Chronic Health Yes (dust/fumes)  Fire No  Pressure No  Reactive No

U.S. State Regulations

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements.

Component Analysis - State

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>CA</th>
<th>FL</th>
<th>MA</th>
<th>MN</th>
<th>NJ</th>
<th>PA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nickel</td>
<td>7440-02-0</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silver</td>
<td>7440-22-4</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cadmium</td>
<td>7440-43-9</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>7440-50-8</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc</td>
<td>7440-66-6</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phosphorus</td>
<td>7723-14-0</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following statement(s) are provided under the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer.

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause reproductive/developmental effects.

Canada Regulation

This product has been classified in accordance with the criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

Canadian WHMIS Information

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: D1A. D2A. D2B.

Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

Nickel (7440-02-0)  
0.1 %

Silver (7440-22-4)  
1 %

Cadmium (7440-43-9)  
0.1 %

Copper (7440-50-8)  
1 %

Phosphorus (7723-14-0)  
1 %

Additional Regulatory Information

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

Component Analysis - Inventory

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>TSCA</th>
<th>CAN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nickel</td>
<td>7440-02-0</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>DSL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silver</td>
<td>7440-22-4</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>DSL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cadmium</td>
<td>7440-43-9</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>DSL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
<td>DSL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc</td>
<td>7440-66-6</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>DSL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phosphorus</td>
<td>7723-14-0</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>DSL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Section 16 - Other Information**

Summary of Changes

Updated: 5/12/2015

NFPA Ratings: 

- **Health:** 1
- **Fire:** 0
- **Reactivity:** 0

Hazard Scale: 

- 0 = Minimal
- 1 = Slight
- 2 = Moderate
- 3 = Serious
- 4 = Severe

**Key/Legend**

- EPA = Environmental Protection Agency
- TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act
- ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer
- NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
- NTP = National Toxicology Program
- OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration
- TLV = Threshold Limit Value
- NFPA = National Fire Protection Association
- HMIS = High Efficiency Particulate Air
- CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act
- SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

**Other Information**

Reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this information, but the manufacturer makes no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to this information. The manufacturer makes no representations and assumes no liability for any direct, incidental or consequential damages resulting from its use.

**MSDS History:**

- Revision 2/Regulatory Update: 7/19/2002
- Revision 3/Regulatory Update: 10/6/2005
- Revision 4/Regulatory Update: 8/7/2008
- Revision 6 / Regulatory Update: 11/10/11

End of Sheet NFE-0111